FROUMIND
DELICIOUS BISCUITS

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MARGINAL COLUMN

By NISSIM REJWAN

ONE of the results of the proclamation in Cairo on Friday of a "Free Algerian Government" in exile has been the creation of additional difficulties for the two North African States of Tunisia and Morocco. Coming at a time when these two countries' relations with France were showing signs of improvement, its one sure outcome will be the straining of these relations to the point of breaking; it may also accelerate that process of total "arabization" which these countries have always sought to check but which had just been given momentum by their decision to join the Arab League. It must be remembered that Tunis and Rabat, especially the former, have been trying to keep the Algerian rebel leaders out of Cairo's reach; now they are compelled to recognize a provisional government with headquarters in Cairo itself. What makes things look even dimmer for them is the knowledge that Colonel Nasser's offer of refuge for the new body carries with it quite a high price — reportedly an undertaking that an independent Algeria would eventually join the United Arab Republic in one way or the other.

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THAT Tunisia and Morocco should view such a prospect with great misgivings is rather understandable. The political traditions as well as the general outlook of these two basically Western-oriented countries are by no means identical to those of the Arab countries, and it is not likely that, given the option, they would ever choose to go the way of Cairo or Damascus. President Bourguiba is not viewed favourably in the U.A.R. capital, where his chief opponent, Salah Ben Youssef, is in the habit of engineering plots against his regime. The Moroccan Istiklal Party, which recently became the sole ruler of that country, has not been less averse to Cairo's antics. When the Tunisian Cabinet last week decided to join the Arab League, semi-official quarters in Tunis took care to point out that this did not mean that the country would abandon her present outlook and values — nor would it affect her close ties with Europe. Allal el-Fasi, leader of the Moroccan Istiklal, also found it necessary to justify his party's decision to join the League.

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YET, despite these protestations, the winds of Arabism and neutralism seem to blow rather strongly in these two countries; their decision to join the Arab League, though it followed the Iraqi Foreign Minister's persuasive efforts, was not an isolated move. It was preceded by a series of measures and pronouncements all pointing to a clear and well-defined trend. Tunis and Rabat have both decided to establish diplomatic ties with the Soviet Union; President Bourguiba recently declared that he would recognize Communist China; while the Istiklal government of Morocco has been stepping up its campaign for the evacuation of U.S. air bases and laying a claim to the French territory of Mauritania in the western Sahara. Now, with their recognition of the new Algerian government in exile, the period of reconciliation with France that followed General de Gaulle's rise to power and the subsequent statesmanlike agreement with Tunisia on the withdrawal of French forces from Tunisian territory seems at an end.

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WILL Tunis and Morocco manage to maintain their distinctive values and their special ties with Europe? It is of course difficult to say, but the scales right now seem to weigh against such a prospect. One of the reasons for this is that the tendency away from the West has been accompanied by a stiffening of the official attitude inside these countries. The recent demise of the liberal, Neo-Destour weekly organ, "l'Action," is a case in point. This publication, well-known and respected for its liberal views and its constructive criticism, had for some time now been viewed with disfavour by its own sponsors, Bourguiba's ruling Neo-Destour Party. An article published recently over the initials of its editor-in-chief, Mr. Bechir Ben Yahmed, provided a pretext for silencing the paper once and for all. Following the publication of this article, which dealt with the trial of ex-Premier Taher Ben Ammar for alleged fiscal misconduct, the political committee of the Neo-Destour "disowned" the paper. A few days later the publisher announced that "l'Action" was to stop appearing altogether. That such a drastic step was deemed necessary is indicative more of the pressures and difficulties under which President Bourguiba's regime functions than of its liberal character.

Jerusalem, September 21.

PELED NAMED ISRAEL ENVOY TO BULGARIA

Mr. Nathan Peled, political secretary of Mapam, has been appointed Minister to Bulgaria, it was announced on Saturday night. The present head of Mission is Mr. Reuven Nall, who has been acting as Chargé d'Affaires.

UN Team Named For Jordan Talks On 'Presence'

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

UNITED NATIONS. — Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold confirmed on Friday that he had secured some agreement with Jordan by appointing a mission headed by Mr. P. Spinelli, Under-Secretary in charge of the U.N. office in Geneva, to proceed to Amman forthwith. He is to make "contacts regarding organizational details of practical arrangements on which agreements were reached by the Secretary-General in relation to Jordan."

What practical arrangements were agreed upon and whether they will give King Hussein a sufficient sense of security to request the withdrawal of British troops are still unanswered questions.

It is expected Britain and the U.S. will announce "withdrawal in principle" from Jordan and the Lebanon soon after the Hammarskjold report is published at the end of this week. This will be interpreted as a great personal victory for the Secretary-General by most delegations and the American press.

Another factor is that Israel is unlikely to agree to any more overflights and evacuation of British troops via Akaba will necessarily be slow. Hussein, therefore, should have some British troops to protect him for some time.

Accompanying Mr. Spinelli will be Messrs. J. Reedman and R. Stedman, of the U.N. Secretariat in New York. The last two have much experience in Middle East affairs.

HUSSEIN SAID READY TO LEAVE VIA ISRAEL

LONDON, (INA). — King Hussein of Jordan is planning to leave Jordan and join his mother, Queen Zain, in Lausanne, according to the "News Chronicle."

The report added that any such attempt will oblige the young monarch to fly over Israel territory — the safest route for him.

MEIR: U.S. TROOPS AID TO MID-EAST SECURITY

NEW YORK (INA). — The landing of U.S. troops in the Lebanon strengthened the security of all states in the Middle East, Foreign Minister Golda Meir declared on Friday afternoon on her arrival here to attend the current session of the U.N. General Assembly.

In an interview at the airport, Mrs. Meir was asked whether America's dispatch of troops to the Lebanon had affected the security of Israel. She said: "All countries in the region are aided whenever any country in the Middle East finds that it has friends who are willing to assist in the event of trouble. Such help contributes towards the easing of tensions in the entire region."

Questioned about Israel's programme for the Assembly session, Mrs. Meir replied: "I cannot foresee any problems for us in the Assembly this year." Asked whether the paramount issue at the session would be the Far East or the Middle East, she said: "Probably both."

Mrs. Meir came in about 10 hours late, having had to change planes in London when the El Al Britannia on which she had flown from Israel came down at London Airport with one engine spurting smoke after it became overheated.

Engineers sprayed foam over the engine and fire crews remained there 90 minutes. The Minister said that there had been no excitement whatever on the plane, since neither she nor any of the other 60 passengers even knew of the overheated engine.

(In Tel Aviv, an El Al spokesman said that the Britannia will return to commercial service on Sunday, as the damage was negligible.)

Soth, in Turkey, Says Will 'Fight Abroad'

ISTANBUL (Reuter). — Sami e-Solh, the Lebanese Prime Minister, arrived at Adana, southern Turkey, from Beirut on Saturday and was welcomed by Turkish officials.

Questioned by reporters before he left Adana for Ankara and Istanbul, he said, "I have not yet resigned from the Premiership. I resign on September 22 and stay as the Prime Minister of the legitimate Government until the last moment."

(A new government will be sworn in after the inauguration of General Fuad Shehab as President of the Republic next Tuesday, September 23.)

Asked if he would return to Lebanon, he said "If the situation does not improve and the country does not stay independent after the elections in the Lebanon I will fight in other countries until it again becomes an independent state."

He went to Beirut airport in a U.S. Army helicopter and boarded an ordinary civil plane for Turkey.

Cabinet Meeting In Tel Aviv Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Cabinet is scheduled to hold its regular Sunday meeting today in Tel Aviv instead of in Jerusalem. Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, who has been on holiday at Sde Boker, will attend, and will review the political situation.

Three members of the Cabinet will not be in attendance. Foreign Minister Meir is at the U.N., Minister of Commerce Sapir is in Brussels, where he arrived on Saturday from France (see Col. 2), and Interior Minister Bar-Yehuda is on leave.

Marseilles Fetes 'Israel Day'

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MARSEILLES. — Morocco played Arab League politics and deliberately closed the doors of its pavilion during "Israel Day" at the International Fair in Marseilles. In so doing, however, it made itself ridiculous, rather than marring the festivities.

The Israel flag hung from the main entrance and Hebrew songs resounded from loud-speakers all over the area, as Israel's Minister of Commerce, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, accompanied by Ambassador Ya'acov Tsur and Mr. D. Ben-Dror, the Commercial Attache, and escorted by the Committee of Welcome comprising top local figures spent two hours touring all other sections of the Fair. These included the pavilions of Czechoslovakia, West Germany, Holland, Turkey, India and Italy, before finally visiting the fine Israel pavilion.

The Mayor of Marseilles, M. Gaston Defferre, who, as the Left-wing Socialist leader and former Minister of French Overseas Territories, holds a key position in present-day French political life and who has never previously found time to attend the round of receptions organized by the Fair Committee, made a point of coming to the banquet offered in honour of the distinguished Israel visitors.

In the after-dinner speech, M. Defferre declared that the "courageous, intelligent and powerful young state of Israel gave the world a lesson when it met and beat its enemies, demonstrating that a country, however small its area and population, can by its strength of spirit make itself heard and respected."

Mr. Sapir recalled how he came to Marseilles as a Haganа emissary before 1948 and how the inhabitants of the city from the highest official to the last docker, putting their sympathies to Israel before legal niceties, facilitated the despatch of arms to the Jewish forces.

From Marseilles, Mr. Sapir flew to Brussels to visit the World Fair before going to London.

Algeria Rebel Gov't Recognized by Arabs

The Algerian rebel "provisional government" began its struggle on Saturday for international recognition and support, one day after it was officially proclaimed at a press conference in Cairo by Ferhat Abbas, its Premier.

The new regime's Information Minister Mohammed Yazid and Finance Minister Ahmed Francis called at several embassies in the Egyptian capital including that of the U.S. They made no formal request for recognition to the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Raymond Hare, to whom they explained the background of their government's formation in a 45-minute talk.

The FLN leaders are seeking all the support and recognition they can get, but so far only Arab states — Iraq the United Arab Republic, the Yemen, Libya, and the former French North African protectorates of Tunisia and Morocco — have recognized the regime.

The Jordan Cabinet was scheduled to meet on Sunday to discuss recognition, although Premier Samir Rifai has already cabled Abbas, wishing him good luck.

Apart from Abbas, there are 16 other Cabinet Ministers in the new regime, which diplomats in Cairo do not believe would try to join the Arab League. They said the provisional government did not have the independent territorial status required by the League Charter.

The Tunisian and Moroccan recognition was granted in the face of almost certain worsening of relations with France. In Paris, the Foreign Ministry spokesman was quick in declaring that France might break off diplomatic relations with Morocco and Tunisia, and that any recognition of the regime would be regarded as an unfriendly act by France and might lead to a diplomatic break.

In New Delhi, there was no official comment but political circles thought there was little likelihood of immediate recognition of the Algerian rebel regime. In Cairo, the Pakistani Charge d'Affaires called on Abbas to congratulate him. *(UPI, Reuter)*

Soustelle in Algeria On Inspection Tour

PARIS (UPI). — Information Minister Jacques Soustelle flew to Algiers on Saturday, only five days after ar attempt on his life by extremists of the rebel FLN in the heart of Paris.

In Toulon, the Prefecture announced that attempts were made to sabotage French warships in the naval base on Thursday night and early Friday morning. FLN gunmen also continued their terrorist drive. Two Moslems were found dead in Lille, while in Toulouse were rounded up over 150 Algerians. At Metz a guard at a gas factory fired at an Algerian he found sneaking toward the power plant, chasing him away.

De Gaulle Sees No Political Solution

RENNES, Brittany (Reuter). — Prime Minister de Gaulle told a group of parliamentarians in Rennes on Saturday that there was at present no political solution to the Algerian problem.

In a private talk in the Mayor's office, the General said independence for Algeria was a foolish solution, just as much as integration was.

Gen. de Gaulle arrived in Rennes early on Saturday on the first leg of a tour of provincial centres to rally support for the new French constitution.

He emphasized that the solution to the problem would be long, and that it would be harmful to make people believe otherwise, according to members of his audience.

Mayor Freville told reporters afterwards that the General said: "The important thing is to give the Algerians reasons to feel themselves really French by serious efforts to realize real equality, social and educational work in particular."

In Paris on Friday, sources close to Gen. de Gaulle said he has ordered that immediate measures be taken to implement the independence of any French African territory which votes against his proposed new constitution on September 28.

They said measures had been prepared to repatriate all French officials from French Guinea, which is expected to vote against. Officials working in French Guinea but who are now on leave in France have been advised not to return to their posts if the vote is "no."

The Executive Committee of the small Near Radical Party, headed by M. Pierre Francois Mitterand, decided in Paris on Saturday to vote against the new constitution. A communique from the Committee said 36 had voted against and 15 in favour.

U.S. Sees Israel as Included In Any U.N. Plan for Mid-East

UNITED NATIONS (INA). — The U.S. Government definitely envisages Israel's situation as equal to that of the Arab states in current UN. planning concerning both political and economic measures to be proposed for the Middle East, Secrtary of State Dulles said on Friday.

He said the terms of the Arab resolution unanimously adopted by Assembly on non-interference in the affairs of neighbours apply to all countries in the area.

Mr. Dulles gave these assurances in answers to questions at a luncheon honouring him given by the United Nations Correspondents Association.

Asked to comment on the fact that the Russians in recent statements concerning the Middle East have spoken often of "the Arab Middle East," Mr. Dulles replied: "That expression, I suppose, reflects the will of the Soviet Union to create the impression among the Arab countries that it is anti-Israel. They think they would gain political advantage from that attitude. On the other side of the coin, we can recall that the Soviet Union was pro-Israel in 1967, but they seem to think now that the other side is more beneficial for them.

"In regard to economic aid, various countries must decide for themselves whether they want it or not, but the principles of the non-use of force and of non-aggression must have general applicability to the entire area, and not merely to one sector of the region."

Earlier, Mr. Dulles was asked the meaning of the statement he made in his General Assembly address on Thursday to the effect that the U.S. intends "to carry forward its existing development programme" in the Middle East. That statement was made as part of his proposal for a Middle East economic development agency. The Secretary replied that the U.S. "expects to keep going the Export-Import Bank, the Development Fund and other instruments of that type, apart from the regional, universal plans for economic activity in the Middle East."

As to whether the regional plan should monopolise the economic programme in the Middle East, he said there is one answer: "We believe that the regional plan should not do away with the bilateral programme. We believe that all avenues should be kept open."

That bilateral aid to Israel would also be continued, and perhaps intensified, was obvious to most of his listeners, but left unsaid.

Mr. Dulles said the main advantage of the regional plan should be that countries of the region would cooperate in the planning. "We feel that the regional plan should stimulate those countries, and that approach should add something of value, should provide a feeling of working together. The countries would take part in the planning instead of having to come to some glass-eyed banker far away," he said.

"Particularly in the Near East, it is imperative that the requests for economic participation should come from the countries themselves. I think the Arab countries have indicated they want it that way," he added.

BELGIAN KING VISITS ISRAEL PAVILION

King Baudouin of Belgium spent 45 minutes in the Israel Pavilion at the Brussels Fair last Thursday. The King showed particular interest in the development and irrigation of the Negev and in the Dead Sea Scrolls.

Prime Minister Of Italy To Visit Israel

ROME, (Reuter). — Premier and Foreign Minister Amintore Fanfani on Saturday accepted an invitation from Prime Minister Ben-Gurion to visit Israel within the coming months.

A Foreign Ministry statement said that no date had yet been fixed.

The invitation was delivered to Mr. Fanfani on Saturday by the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Eliahu Sasson.

On Friday night it was announced here that Mr. Fanfani will visit Cairo for talks with Abdul Nasser in the middle of October.

Our Diplomatic Correspondent writes:

The announcement in Rome that Mr. Fanfani has accepted the Government's invitation has been received with great satisfaction in official circles. The official acceptance had not yet been received in Jerusalem by Saturday night, and it is not known when the Prime Minister intends to arrive. In view of the fact that he is due to see Col. Nasser in Cairo in mid-October, however, it is possible that Mr. Fanfani will arrive in Israel some time next month.

Mr. Fanfani addressed the Italian Senate on Friday in his capacity as Foreign Minister. He stressed Italy's faith in the West and the Atlantic Pact, and underlined his country's friendship for the Arab States, North Africa and Israel.

Mr. Fanfani said, "We are trying to favour Western understanding for the problems of all Middle East peoples, thus reducing the Communist influence."

He expressed the hope that the Pacciardi mission to the Middle East (shortly to visit Israel) will supply a useful integration of available information. The Prime Minister also advocated contributions by Italy to the Middle East Development Fund.

He spoke of Italy's friends and their support of Italian policy, and among the examples he gave was the recent visit to Rome of Foreign Minister Meir.

It should also be noted that Mr. Fanfani denied rumours that Italy intended to act as a mediator between the Arab States and Israel. He said that Italy was neither play-

(Continued on Page 3, col. 6



AMINTORE FANFANI

Ike Returns Khrushchev Letter Demanding U.S. Quit Formosa

Far East Main U.N. Worry

UNITED NATIONS. — The General Assembly is faced with the Far East crisis uppermost in delegates' minds as they prepare for a bitter debate on Monday.

E. Germans Spurn Free Vote Proposal

BERLIN (UPI). — Premier Otto Grotewohl of East Germany, in a speech made public on Saturday, rejected Western proposals to reunify Germany by free elections as "completely unreal."

He said the Communist system in East Germany would not be allowed to be swept away by ballots.

Mr. Grotewohld laid down a detailed Communist position on unity and a peace treaty in a speech to a Communist Party Central Committee meeting held on Thursday and Friday. The text was released on Saturday.

His speech clarified ambiguities contained in the Soviet and East German notes demanding formation of a Big Four commission to work out a peace treaty for Germany.

He made it clear the Communist proposed talks on a peace treaty would be six-power talks with East and West German participation. He said both German states would participate in the negotiations as "partners." He envisaged formation of a unified German state at some date far in the future after formation of an East-West German confederation and gradual East-West German rapprochement.

ADENAUER AGAIN HEADS DEMOCRATS

KIEL (Reuter). — Chancellor Adenauer was unanimously elected Federal Chairman of the Christian Democrat Party for a further two years at the eighth party conference here on Friday. He has been head of the party since its formation in 1950.

Employed Doctors Get Higher Pay

A flat monthly payment to cover overtime, an increase in seniority pay, and a tax-free allowance for professional literature are the main features of an agreement on the pay and working conditions of the country's employed physicians which was given final approval on Friday by the inter-institutional committee appointed for the purpose.

The committee, which was headed by the Minister of Labour, Mr. M. Namir, was appointed some six months ago by the Prime Minister. It included representatives of the Histadrut, the Israel Medical Association, and the Organization of Employed Physicians (on behalf of the employees); and of the Government, Kupat Holim, Hadassah, and Malben (on behalf of the employers).

The draft of the agreement was prepared by a sub-committee, headed at different times by Mr. A. Becker, Head of the Histadrut Trade Union Department; Dr. R. Grjebin, Chairman, Israel Medical Association; and Mr. D. Rosolio, Civil Service Commissioner. Full agreement has now been reached on all points.

Doctors working in hospitals will receive a monthly increment to cover work outside of regular working hours, being on call, night duty roster, and Saturday and holiday duty. No doctor will be entitled to refuse any additional work demanded of him outside of regular hours.

The monthly increment will range from IL.135 for Grade 1 to IL.60 for Grade 8 (first

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 5)

Mr. Dulles, the U.S. Secretary of State, has indicated that his delegation would bring the Formosa problem before the U.N. if the current talks between American and Chinese Ambassadors in Warsaw were "not going to succeed."

He set no deadline for progress, but several delegates said privately afterwards that it appeared almost inevitable that the issue must come into the Assembly before the session's end—scheduled for December 12.

In Warsaw, the American Embassy announced that the third meeting of the Chinese and U.S. Ambassadors on the Formosa crisis, scheduled for Sunday had been postponed "for administrative reasons" until Monday.

So far there is no item on the Formosa crisis on the Assembly agenda, but the 81-member world forum is expected to spend at least the whole of Monday, and perhaps Tuesday too, discussing its Steering Committee's rejection on Friday of an Indian proposal to study the whole issue of Chinese representation.

12 Votes to 7

The Steering Committee rejected the Indian proposal by 12 votes to 7. Instead it adopted an American resolution calling for a "moratorium" procedure which would bar any move to oust the Nationalists and seat the Peking regime in the China seat. Voting on this resolution was 11 votes to 7, with three abstentions.

Voting for the U.S. resolution were: the U.S., British, France, Australia, Pakistan, Urugua, Ecuador, China, Japan, Lebanon and the Netherlands; against: Rumania, the Soviet Union, Ceylon, Czechoslovakia, Indonesia, Ireland and Nepal. The three nations abstaining were Greece, Mexico and El Salvador.

The breakdown in voting on the Indian resolution was the same except that El Salvador voted against.

The Committee's findings are expected to be upheld, though possibly by a smaller majority than in previous years.

After it has completed consideration of the Committee's recommendations on the Chinese and more than 60 other items covering such subjects as Cyprus, Algeria, disarmament, outer space, Hungary, peaceful coexistence, nuclear tests and a host of reports and administrative and economic questions, the Assembly will continue its world affairs debate.

Dag's Report

The Middle East question, which has dominated so many Assemblies, has not been so much to the forefront this time, but a report by Mr. Hammarskjold, the Secretary-General, later in the week on his recent peace-making mission is expected to bring it back into prominence.

He is due to disclose some of the results of his visit to Arab states and Israel, and usually reliable diplomatic sources have said they look for him to propose the establishment of a special Middle East office or commission with representatives in Amman, Beirut and Damascus.

He is reported to have obtained agreement of the United Arab Republic, Jordan and Lebanon to such a move, which could pave the way for withdrawal of British and U.S. troops. Both Mr. Dulles and Mr. Lloyd have pledged to pull the forces out as soon as a U.N. "presence" is ready to assume the duties of the troops in the Lebanon and Jordan.

'Abusive' Note 'Unacceptable'

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (Reuter). — President Eisenhower on Saturday rejected Soviet Premier Khrushchev's latest note to him on the Far Eastern situation, describing it as "abusive and intemperate."

Mr. Eisenhower described the note as "unacceptable under established international practice," and the U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Moscow was directed to return it to the Soviet Government.

Mr. James Hagerty, White House Press Secretary, said he believed it was unprecedented for the U.S. to have rejected a Soviet note.

The White House statement said of the Khrushchev note, which had demanded the withdrawal of U.S. forces from Formosa: "This communication is replete with false accusations. It is couched in language that is abusive and intemperate. It indulges in personalities. It contains inadmissible threats. All of this renders the communication unacceptable under established international practice."

In a separate statement the viewpoint of the Soviet Union as expressed by its Premier was termed "grotesque and dangerous," and said it was "tragic that Soviet military despotism should support the use of force to achieve expansionist ends."

Mr. Hagerty said in reply to questions that Mr. Eisenhower had personally approved both statements and that he had personally ordered the Khrushchev note to be returned.

'No Choice' for Peking

In his letter Mr. Khrushchev said that if U.S. troops were not withdrawn from the Formosa area immediately, Communist China would be left with no choice but to drive them out.

Mr. Khrushchev's message, broadcast by Moscow Radio, followed China's seventh "serious warning" to the U.S. on Friday which the New China News Agency said was issued after American warships had penetrated into Chinese "territorial waters" near Formosa.

It was sent in reply to a letter from Mr. Eisenhower on September 12 in which the President appealed to Russia to use her influence with China to renounce the use of force in the Formosa area and start peaceful negotiations.

The message was handed over to the U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Moscow, Mr. Richard Davis, by Deputy Foreign Minister Vassily Kuznetsov. It repeated that the U.S.S.R. would regard an attack on China as an attack on the Soviet Union.

The letter said China would never agree to the severance of "its very own territory," nor would it agree to foreign armed forces being concentrated on this territory with aggressive intent.

'Nuclear Blackmail'

Mr. Khrushchev further underlined that "nuclear blackmail against Peoples' China would intimidate neither us — the U.S.S.R. — nor the People's Republic of China," Moscow Radio said.

The U.S. Navy should be withdrawn from the Taiwan (Formosa) Straits and U.S. troops must leave the country and go home. There was no other way of reaching a firm peace in the Far East, the letter said.

It added that, should the U.S. not do this now, "China would have no other way except the expulsion of the enemy forces from its territory on which a base is being created for an attack on the People's Republic of China. We stand fully by the side of the Chinese Government and the Chinese people. We have always supported their policy and shall continue to do so in future."

Sandys to U.S. For Defence Talks

LONDON, (Reuter).—Defence Minister Duncan Sandys flies to Washington on Sunday with a team of experts for important talks with American defence leaders.

Mr. Sandys and his advisers, after three days in Washington, will tour American defence centres, including the missile test base at Cape Canaveral, Florida.

At the atomic test site in Nevada, the Atomic Energy Commission on Friday exploded the first nuclear weapon of its new 10-test series to develop small atomic bombs. Suspended from a balloon at 500 feet, the one kiloton device caused a brilliant flash but did not produce the usual mushroom cloud. The tiny weapon produced a light brown cloud.

Ghana Opposition Chief Held for Sedition

ACCRA, (Reuter).—Mr. A.R. Amponsah, Secretary of the United Party, Ghana's main opposition group, appeared in court here on Saturday charged with sedition. He was accused of uttering seditious words at public meeting of his party held last Thursday.

Mr. Amponsah was arrested at his home on Friday night. On Thursday the United Party had announced a boycott of Ghana's "Founder's Day" celebration next Tuesday.

The Opposition leader was granted bail in the sum of £500 and the case was adjourned till next Thursday.

Shatta Prisoner Get Presidential Pardon

President Ben-Zvi on Friday granted an amnesty to Ya'acov Merhavi, 29, who helped to put down the uprising at Shatta prison in 1958.

Merhavi was sentenced to life imprisonment on May 20, 1953, for murdering his father, and this sentence was reduced to 10 years last Independence Day.

He will be released on Yom Kippur eve. Until the expiration of his 10-year term, in May 1963, he will be on Parole.

He will be required to present himself for examination at one of the Government mental health centres on March 23, 1959, following which he must continue to appear for medical examination every six months.

Narayan Says Arab Upheaval is 'Healthy'

KARACHI (Reuter). — The Indian Socialist leader Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan said here on Friday that reports about Abdul Nasser emanating from Western sources "are totally misleading."

Mr. Narayan declared, "My impression about the upheaval in the Middle East is that it is on the whole healthy and constructive." He stopped here on his way back to India after a four-and-a-half-month tour of Europe and the Middle East. He also spent a week in Israel.

He said talk about subversion in the Middle East was not correct.

In deep sorrow we announce the death of our mother and grandmother

LILLI SCHOCKEN

(née Ehrmann)

who passed away suddenly in Zurich in her 70th year.

There will be a further announcement of the time of the funeral which will take place in Jerusalem.

Salmann Schocken, Zurich

Gershom and Shulamit Schocken, Tel Aviv

Theodore and Dora Schocken, Scarsdale, N.Y.

Eva and Heral Roma, Scarsdale, N.Y.

Gideon and Dvora Schocken, Zahala

Micha and Shulamit Schocken, Tel Aviv

and grandchildren.



Social & Personal

The 148th anniversary of the Independence of the Republic of Chile was celebrated on Thursday evening at a cocktail party given by the Chilean Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Hugo Schwartz, at his home in Herzliya Pituah. Among the guests were the Ministers of Police and of Transport, Ambassadors of the U.S. and Britain; the Director General of the Foreign Ministry; and many members of the diplomatic colony.

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The U.S. Congressman, Mr. Emanuel Celler, and Mrs. Celler, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. M. Schwager and Mr. H. Maletz, were guests of honour at a luncheon given by the Foreign Ministry in the Eden Hotel on Friday. Among the guests were Mr. M. Argov, Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee; Dr. Yosef Burg, M.K.; Dr. P. Jacobi, Deputy Mayor of Jerusalem; Mr. M. Pearlman, of the Prime Minister's Office; Mr. Gershon Avner, head of the U.S. Division in the Foreign Ministry; Mr. P. Eliav and Mr. Amnon Ben-Yohanan of the Foreign Ministry and their ladies.

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Mr. Samuel Rubin, President of the America-Israel Cultural Foundation, was the luncheon guest on Friday of the Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, Dr. Dov Joseph, and Mrs. Joseph.

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Lady Megan Lloyd George, M.P., on Friday called on Mr. R. Barkatt, head of the Histadrut Political Department. She later visited several Histadrut enterprises.

Mr. Arthur Ahwada, the Deputy Secretary-General of the Kenya Workers Union, on Friday held talks with Mr R. Barkatt on future cooperation between his organization and the Histadrut.

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Mr. J. Edward Sieff, Chairman of the Joint Palestine Appeal in the U.K., Mrs. Sieff, and Mr. Eric Lucas, Assistant Director of the Israel Office of the British Zionist Federation, on Thursday and Friday visited the Galilee kibbutzim of Kfar Blum, Kfar Hanassi Amiad, Yasur and Beit Ha'emek, where they inspected projects established with the help of J.P.A. funds.

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Mr. S.M. Thompson, Vice-President and Treasurer of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company of Canada, arrived on Saturday to visit the Israel Branch. He is on his way to the International Monetary Fund Conference in New Delhi.

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Visitors to the Hebrew University on Friday included Miss Evelyn Blankstein and Mrs. Ben Fingard, of Winnipeg, Canada; Miss Frances Roberds, of the State Department; and Mrs. Kay Midwinter, of the European Office of the United Nations.

Mrs. Lilli Schocken Dead at 70

Mrs. Lilli Schocken, of New York, wife of Mr. Salman Schocken, the veteran Zionist and publisher, died on Friday in Zurich where she had been staying for the past few months. Mrs. Schocken, who was in her 70th year, was due to leave on Saturday for a visit to Israel.

Mrs. Schocken, who came from Germany, lived in Jerusalem from 1934 to 1940. The house built by her family at that time has just been converted into the Rubin Academy of Music.

The body will be brought to Jerusalem for burial after Yom Kippur.

Mrs. Schocken is survived by her husband, four sons and a daughter, and 15 grandchildren. Her three sons in Israel are Gershom Schocken, M.K. editor of "Ha'aretz," Aluf-Mishne Gideon Schocken, and Micha Schocken manager of the Hadera Paper Mills.

BOLIVIA-RUSSIA

LA PAZ, Bolivia (Reuter). — The Bolivian Chamber of Deputies has approved by 34 votes to 2 a motion recommending the Government to enter into diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union. The recommendation will now be studied by the Cabinet.

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Subscription tickets for WORKERS' SERIES available at Brenner House, Histadrut, nut Room 4 (9.30-12.30; 4-6.30).

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post September 21, 1958

In the Supreme Court Sitting as High Court of Justice

Before Justices Agranat, Sussman and Witkon

1. Avraham Ben-Ya'acov, 2. Elitsur Tile Factory, v. 1. The Chief Execution Officer, Tel Aviv, 2. Broshkov Building Works (H.C. 69/58).

Circumstances in Which Prior Judgment Debtor Has Priority Over Later Judgment Debtor

The High Court made absolute part of an order nisi calling on the Tel Aviv Chief Execution Officer to show cause why he should not revoke his decision to divide certain attached monies between the petitioners and the second respondents.

The petitioners, Mr. Avraham Ben-Ya'acov and the Elitzur Tile Factory, are in possession of judgments to the sum total of IL3,500 against Albert Rabiya which they handed over for execution to the Tel Aviv Execution Office. Before taking proceedings against Rabiya they received temporary attachment orders against his property.

The Broshkov Building Works, the second respondents, had sued Rabiya for a sum of IL40,000, composed of IL20,000 which they had paid Rabiya for a plot of land and another IL20,000 as compensation for Rabiya's breach of the agreement to transfer the land to them. Rabiya had opposed this latter suit but eventually the two parties had come to an agreement in accordance with which Rabiya admitted that he owed the Broshkov Works IL40,000. This agreement was given the force of a judgment by the Tel Aviv District Court and the judgment was handed over for execution.

The Broshkov Works had also obtained a temporary attachment order against Rabiya's effects while the action was being considered, their order having been received after that granted to the petitioners.

In Proportion to Debts

As a result of the attachment orders, the Execution Office received a sum of IL7,750 owing to Rabiya by the Development Authority. The Chief Execution Officer decided eventually to divide this sum between the petitioners and the Broshkov Works in proportion to their judgment debts, which meant that the petitioners would receive only IL638 of the attached monies.

They objected to this decision, arguing that their judgment debt of IL2,500 should have been paid out in full and the residue then paid to the Broshkov Works. They based their argument on the allegation that there had been collusion between Rabiya and the Broshkov Works for the purpose of outwitting them and depriving them of their judgment debt, and relied on section 123 of the Ottoman Execution Law which states in effect that,

> **If there is more than one judgment creditor, they shall jointly share the attached property of the judgment debtor and one shall not have priority over another because he has received a prior execution order, unless the later execution order applies to a judgment based on an oral admission by the defendant, or on his refusal to take an oath or on a written admission if there is no official proof that the rights of the latter judgment creditor had been in existence before those of the first judgment creditor.**
>
> **If any of the latter criteria exist, then the later execution creditor shall not share with the prior execution creditor.**

Mr. Shemesh and Mr. Sochobolsky appeared for the petitioner and Mr. Birnberg and Mr. Minkowits for the respondents.

Decision

Justice Sussman, who delivered the decision of the High Court, said that he could not accept the petitioners' argument that whatsoever any of the three criteria mentioned in section 123 of the Execution Law exist, then a later judgment creditor is automatically debarred from a share in the attached effects of the judgment debtor.

For, he continued, it has already been held by the courts that a judgment based on the defendant's oral admission, or his refusal to take the oath, or on his written admission without the official proof specified in section 123 gives rise to a presumption in favour of the holder of a former judgment that this later judgment was acquired through collusion between the judgment debtor and the plaintiff, but that this presumption may be rebutted by the latter (see H.C.105/43, 1944 ALR 10).

One way of rebutting this presumption, he continued, is given by the legislator himself: production of an official document proving that the date on a written admission is correct and that the cause of action of the later judgment creditor existed before the cause of action of the prior judgment creditor had arisen, for in such circumstances there is no fear of collusion (see also H.C.100/40, 8 C.L.R. 177).

Justice Sussman then went on to consider the facts before the court, pointing out that the petitioners' causes of action arose on May 17, 1956, and December-January, 1956, respectively, whereas that of the second respondents was based on an agreement signed on September 11, 1955, and officially stamped on October 5, 1955. In other words, he continued, the second respondents' cause of action — proved by the contract which was officially stamped and therefore could be regarded as an official document — had been officially proved to have arisen before that of the petitioners and the presumption of collusion was rebutted.

Applies to Half Claim

This applied, however, only to half of the judgment debt of IL40,000 — to the IL20,000 which the second respondents had paid to Rabiya — and which he had admitted receiving for the plot of land which he had failed to transfer to them.

The remaining IL20,000, on the other hand, Justice Sussman said, constituted a claim for damages for breach of contract, which Rabiya had originally contested on the grounds that the clause on which it was based was a penalty clause, for which argument there appeared to be a reasonable *prima facie* basis. And the fact that the contract in which this clause appeared was proved to have been made in September 1955 does not infer proof of the degree of damages payable in the event of a breach of the contract, and is not sufficient to rebut the presumption of collusion with regard to this sum.

For this reason, the sum of IL20,000 in the later judgment should not have been taken into account when dividing the attached monies of the judgment debtor.

The order *nisi* should therefore be discharged with regard to IL20,000 only of the second respondents' judgment debt and the second respondents given 21 days in which to bring a decision from a competent court holding that the IL20,000 compensation was legally owing to them and that Mr. Rabiya's admission had not been obtained by invalid means. In the event of the second respondents' not succeeding in this, then the first respondent should divide the monies in his possession in the proportion of IL3,500 to IL20,000, and ignore the second IL20,000 claimed by the second respondents until such time as the petitioners' judgment debt had been fully paid.

Decision given on August 7, 1958.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
538, 249, 25.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 & 11.00 p.m. English: 1.45 p.m. French: 3.00 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service (R). 6.37 Calisthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 11.00 a.m. Popular Concert. 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.15 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Hebrew Songs. 1.20 Immigrants' Greetings. 4.00 p.m. News broadcasts in Serbo-Croat, English, Swedish and Spanish. 4.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.30 Oriental Music Request Programme. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Light Music. 6.40 Everyday Hebrew. 6.45 Of Man and Deeds. 7.17 We Present Tonight. 7.20 From Sports Field. 7.45 "Sing a New Song." 8.00 Light Music. 8.20 Press Conference. 8.55 Bible Reading: Koheleth, Chap. 8. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Concert by I.P.O. — Conductor: Rafael Kubelik. Cesar Franck: Symphony in D-minor. 10.15 Programme on Books and Literature. 10.45 "At the Piano" — Alexandra Melamed.

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 480, 202.7, 48.7 & 32.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Music for Sunday: Cherubini: Requiem in C-minor, performed by the Robert Shaw Chorale with the N.B.C. Orchestra, conducted by Arturo Toscanini. 8.35 Tunes by Robert Stolz. 7.00 French. 7.20 Yiddish. 8.00 Magrabit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News (From 1st Programme). 9.15 Rumanian. 9.30 Hungarian. 9.40 Polish. 10.00 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
491 & 41.67 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m., 1.15—2.15 and 2.30—11.15 p.m. Persian 8.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA: (32.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.37 "Sunday Column."— Walter Eytan. 6.45 "Land of the Bible."

Programme to the U.K.: 11.15 News. 11.22 "Sunday Column" — Walter Eytan. 11.30 "Land of the Bible."

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 255 & 285 M.): 6.30 Opening. 7.00 News. 7.10 Sports. 7.30 News from the Record Library. 8.00 "For Your Information." 8.15 Your Favourites. Works by Rossini, Liszt & Enesco. 9.00 News. 9.15 Weekly Announcements. 9.45 Dance Music.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.90, 16.84 & 24.80): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. International Commentary. Sports Round-Up.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 405 M.): 4.30 Teatime Music. 7.10 Books worth Reading.

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Kibbutzim Recruiting Youth

HAIFA. — Urban and kibbutz youth will meet here on Monday to discuss the nation's business from the eleventh year of statehood onward and the share of the young people in it.

As part of the kibbutz festival the organised youth of the three kibbutz movements will call on city boys and girls to join them in a national drive to push back the Negev desert.

"The campaign against the wilderness, the campaign for the hearts of our people everywhere and for enlisting them in settlement on the land, the campaign for a new form of life, better, more just, and built on stronger foundations — that campaign will not be successful if it is waged only by a regular army of kibbutz pioneer youth and if not all the young of Israel become volunteers and reservists in that army," says a joint appeal of the youth movements.

Mass Meeting

During the afternoon hours, entertainment troupes of the Haluts youth movements will give open-air performances in several Haifa quarters and the suburbs. In the evening, a joint mass meeting will be held at the amphitheatre adjoining the Kibbutz Exhibition grounds.

The exhibition continues to attract a steady stream of visitors as word of its excellence spreads through the sceptical public. The display is animated by a sense of humour and humanity, by its tasteful and restrained portrayal of the daily round of life in a kibbutz from the early and pathetic days of 1908 to the present day of modern cultural centres, dining rooms and comfortable housing for the veterans.

Some of the displays reflect the courage and self-denial of the earlier days, the stark poverty when the "budget" of permissible consumption was the bane of the kibbutz home economists.

When she visited the exhibition last week, Mrs. Rachel Ben-Zvi recalled that only 15 years ago she overheard a debate in a kibbutz on how much tooth paste a member was entitled to spread on his brush.

Fruit Thieves Shielded By Kibbutz Victims

MISHMAR HASHARON. — The mysterious theft of large quantities of fruit from the orchards of this kibbutz in the Emek Hefer was solved last week by the kibbutz members, who chose to leave the police in the dark.

When the kibbutz members realized that their crop of apples and bananas were being methodically raided, it was decided to set an ambush for the thieves. Four members of the prosperous nearby settlement of "Herut-Amerika" near Kfar Vitkin were caught in the trap — picking the fruit and loading it on a truck at night.

The thieves, who were known to the kibbutz members by name, begged the owners not to call police. The kibbutz secretariat agreed to accept IL300 damages from each of the four men.

Police first learned of the incident from Thursday's afternoon papers.

Mr. S. Kaplan, head of the C.I.D. in the Sharon area, said that he "views the shielding of the guilty parties in this case as a most serious matter." It involved a serious lack of cooperation.

Where to go

• Meet the Israeli: — Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• Zoo: — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 8.30-6.

• Exhibitions: — New Exhibitions: 10 years of archaeological activities, 1948-1958. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, 9-1, 3-5.

1) Views and Visions of the Holy Land; 2) Lithographs by Honore Daumier; 3) Ancient pottery, glass and textiles from various civilizations; 4) Preview of Primitive Sculpture. Bezalel Museum, 9-1; 3.30-6.

Paintings by Yves Dendal, Arts and Crafts Artists' House, 10-1; 4-7.

• Tours: — Hebrew University conducted tours daily in English at 9, 10, 11 a.m. and 12 noon and 3, 4.30 p.m. New University Campus. Every Tuesday leaving Administration Bldg., 11 a.m., a visit to Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School in Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 62980 for bookings.

Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club; Straus Health Centre.

• Film Shows: — Israel Films daily, 11.30 Keren Hayesod Hall.

• Dance: — Martha Graham Dance Company, Binyaney Haooma, 8.30.

TEL AVIV

• Entertainments: — Italian specialities Lunch, Dinner, Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd., First Class Italian menu at IL5. Phone 23752.

• Opera: — "Don Pasquale," 8.30.

• Exhibitions: — "10 Years of Israel Architecture," Museum, 10-4.

"Wizo on View," Wizo Tourist Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 9-3.

• Tourist Service: — Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 28239.

Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 8-9.30 p.m.

• Z.O.A. House: — Exhibit: American Paintings. Tourist Service daily (9 a.m.—9 p.m.).

• Theatre: — Camerl, "Rape of the Belt," 8.30.

HAIFA

• Tourist Service: — Visit Hadassah Club, 17 Rehov Yerushalayim, Tel. 4876.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: Les aventures d'Arsène Lupin.
EDEN: Era Diavolo.
OR GIL: Le Notti di Cabiria.
ORION: Flying Tigers.
ORNA: While the City sleeps.
RON: The Iron Petticoat.
TEL OR: Our Girl Friday.
ZION: Another Time, Another Place.
EDISON: Darby's Rangers.
STUDIO: Puenktchen und Anton.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Gunman's Walk.
ARMON DAVID: Will Any Gentleman?
CHEN: Le Amiche.
EDEN: Afrita Hanim.
ESTHER: The Vintage.
GAT: Gun for a Coward.
MAXIM: All At Sea.
MIGDALOR: Hanneri.
MOGRABI: Operation Dynamite x 3.
OPHIR: Wild is the Wind.
ORION: Sissi die Junge Kaiserin.
PEER: Value for Money.
SHDEROTH: The Prince and the Showgirl.
TAMAR: An Angel passed in Brooklyn.
TCHELET: Du bist die Welt fuer mich.
TEL AVIV: Ten North Frederick.
YARON: Le destructeur.
ZAFON: Teufel in Seide.
ZAMIR: Band of Angels.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Young Lions (5.30, 8.45).
ATZMON: Something of Value.
EN DOR: Gunfight at the O.K. Corral.
GAL OR: King Solomon's Mines.
MAY: Don't go near the Water.
MORIAH: Designing Woman.
ORAH: Street of Shame.
ORION: The First Texan.
ORLY: Rizzo.
PEER: Bel Ami.

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Church Services

JERUSALEM

St. Paul's Church (Church of Scotland): E.S. 5.30 p.m. H.C. as announced. Clergy: Canon H.R. A. Jones (Tel. 3718). Rev. J. Ayre (Tel. 5184).

St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial): M.S. 10 a.m. Minister Rev. W. Gardiner Scott. Vesper Service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6.30 p.m.

Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel. Languages: German, Italian, English, French. 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel. Languages: English, French, German, Italian: St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne): Languages: French, Arabic, English, German, Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese. 8 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel). Languages: French, English, Italian. 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion. 10 a.m. Terra Sancta College.

Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.) M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.

American Gospel Church (Prophets St. near Bikur Holim): Morning Worship. 11 a.m. Midweek Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister L. F. Irish.

Christian Fellowship Vesper Hour at Y.M.C.A. 6.30 p.m. Talk: "These He Called: Luke," by Herbert L. Minard. Public Welcome.

Brethren (Jamil House, Talbieh): Breaking of Bread, Sunday: 9.30 a.m. Wednesday: Bible Hour, 7.30 p.m. Saturday: 3.30 p.m. Good News Hour.

Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way): E.S. 7.30 p.m.

Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal): 36 Hovevei Zion St. Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 7.30 p.m. (Rev. Arthur Ransome).

Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia) Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer, 6.30 p.m. Friday: E.S. 6.30 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study 10.30 a.m.

Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship; 4 p.m. Bible class.

Russian Orthodox Church (Russian Compound): Mass 9 a.m. (Russian).

Greek Orthodox Church (St. Simeon's, Katamon): Mass 8.30 a.m (Greek & Arabic).

Assemblies of God Church, corner Mamilla & King George Rds (Pastor: H. B. Pencovic): 3.30 p.m.; Sun. 9.30 a.m. Prayer Meeting, Wed., 7.30 p.m. St., 9.30 a.m.; Children's Meeting.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA

Immanuel Church (Anglican Episcopal) off 19 Eilat St.: H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m. Minister: Rev. R.E. Adeney (Tel.81459; P.O.B.2773, Tel Aviv).

Church of Scotland (St. Peter's), Jaffa: M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m.

St. Peter's Church (Roman Catholic), near Clock Tower: 7 a.m. & 6 p.m. (Polish Sermon): Weekdays, 7.30 a.m.; Saturday: High Mass, 9 a.m. Confessions one hour prior to all masses.

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Peter's Church, Abu Kebir): Mass 9 a.m. (Russian).

St. Anthony Catholic Church Jaffa: Sunday Masses 8 & 10 a.m. 7 p.m. Languages: Arabic, French, German, English, Italian, Spanish.

HAIFA

St. Luke's Church (Anglican Episcopal) Mountain Rd., near Vine St. H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m.; E.S. 6.30 p.m. Chaplain: Revd. John Ryecart. (Tel. 2713; P.O.B. 1797).

The Scandinavian Seamen's Church 41 Meir St., P.O.B.1305 Lutheran Service, 7.30 p.m. (Rev Per Faye Hansen).

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Elivah's Cave, Mt. Carmel): Mass 8 a.m.

Brethren (Bethesda Gospel Hall, 59 Allenby Rd.): Sunday Breaking of Bread, 9.30 a.m. (2nd & 4th Sun. of month, 6.30 p.m.): Gospel meeting, 5 p.m. Wed. Bible Study, 5 p.m. Prayer 6.30 p.m. Sat.: Bible study, 5 p.m. Languages: Hebrew, Arabic, English, Russian, German, etc.

St. Elias Greek-Catholic Church (Reh. Ein Dor corner Allenby): Masses, 8 & 10 a.m.; 6 p.m. (in Greek & Arabic).

St. Joseph Latin Church (14 Reh. Salesion): Masses, 7 & 8.30, 10 a.m.; 7 a.m. Stella Maris (Mt. Carmel): 7 & 9 a.m. (in Latin).

NAZARETH

Church of Annunciation (Greek Orthodox): Mass 8 a.m. (Greek and Arabic).

Baptist Church: Morning Service, 11 a.m. (Arabic & English); Evening Service, 7 p.m. (Arabic). Minister: D.L. Baker.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Meir, Jaffa, opp. Sansur Bldg., 4192.
TEL AVIV: Marpa, 77 Allenby, 3487. Shor, 54 King George, 22963. Zeidner, 51 Ahad Ha'am, 3851. Hagalil, 80 Ben Yehuda, 23358. Avrahami, 9 Erlinger, nr. Central Bus Station. Tamar, Hatikva Qtr., Givat Shimshon.
JAFFA: Briut, 6 Rehov 3, 82533.
RAMAT GAN: Lifshitz 19 Herzl, 71771. PETAH TIKVA: Kobo, 2 Pinsker. REHOVOT: Segal, 134 Herzl, 95-1225. RISHON LE-ZION: Karlan. HOLON: Briut, Sokolow. NATANYA: Hanassi.
HAIFA: Schmidt, 45 Herzl, 4041.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Grunwald, 22 Bin-Nun, 62963. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi. Dr. Calderon, 19 Ben Yehuda, 4815.

Practical Hints

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

BEFORE AND AFTER THE FAST
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HOLIDAY GUESTS
mostly come unexpectedly. Keep a few bags of OSEM EGG ALMONDS ready for them. The ideal tid bit to serve with cold and warm drinks, especially to the guests, and family as well, including those who watch their figure and avoid sweets.

FRUIT
with the exception of apples, is beginning to disappear from the market. Now is the time to use OSEM FRUIT SOUP or FRUIT COCKTAIL — ready in 3 minutes. A refreshing drink every hour of the day, or a delicious dessert made from selected fruit.

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MARTHA GRAHAM
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Binyaney Ha'ooma Hall — 8.30 p.m.
Tonight: — Clytemnestra
Tomorrow: — Embattled Garden
Seraphic Dialogue
Night Journey
TICKETS at Cahana's Office. Evenings at Binyaney Ha'ooma.
TONIGHT and TOMORROW in JERUSALEM

SPORT ROUND THE WORLD

By Reuter Correspondents

LEIPZIG. — Karin Beyer, of East Germany, bettered her own 100 metres breaststroke world record with a time of 1 min. 19.6 secs., here, according to the East German news agency ADN. The previous best, 1 min. 20.3 secs., which she set last July, was ratified last week.

• • •

GOODWOOD (Quebec). — Aston Martins finished first, second and third in the Royal Automobile Club's Tourist Trophy Motor Race here. Winners of this sports car event, the world's oldest surviving motor race, were co-drivers Tony Brooks, winner of the Italian Grand Prix, and Stirling Moss. A German Porsche, driven by Frenchman Jean Behar and Edgar Brath, gained fourth place, four laps (about 16 kms.) behind, but won the two litre class prize.

• • •

DOUGLAS. — Ernie Washer, 27-year-old British motorcyclist, won the Senior Manx Grand Prix in perfect racing conditions here in an average speed of 92.94 mph. (149.57 kph). Alan Shepherd, 22-year-old favourite for the race following his win in the Junior Race earlier, narrowly missed a brilliant double. He led from the start only to suffer cruel luck when his chain snapped 10 miles short of his final lap.

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Antiques-Arts

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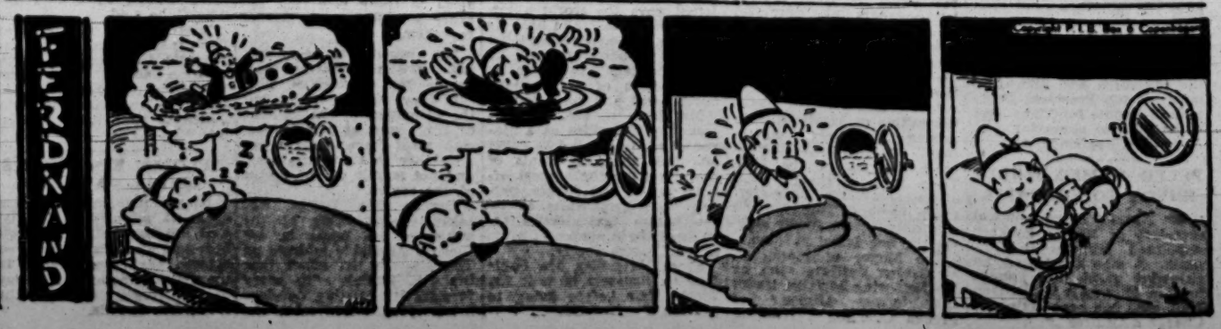
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Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Sharav in hills and inland. Warm in coastal plain.

Weather Synopsis: Ridge of high pressure in upper layers extending over East Mediterranean causing rise in temperature.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	30	24	32	23
Tiberias	30	25	38	30
Haifa Port	72	24	29	30
Natanya	66	19	31	31
Tel Aviv Kirya	—	—	—	30
Tel Aviv Port	78	20	28	29
Lydda Airport	62	17	31	31
Jerusalem	34	22	33	33
Beersheba	37	17	34	35
Sdom	25	24	37	36
Eilat	15	24	40	40

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. yesterday. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. I. Hofman, Secretary General of the Hebrew University, from Europe.

Mr. Emmett Harmon, Secretary General of the American-Liberian Committee for the Development of Liberia, and Mrs. Harmon, for a week's visit as guests of the Meyer Investment Co. Ltd.

Mr. W. Campbell, Vice-President of CARE, for a four-day visit. (by El Al).

Mr. Emanuel Birnbaum, editor of the West German paper Sudeutsche Zeitung, for a visit as guest of the Government, (by El Al).)

DEPARTURES

Mr. Hanan Rubin, M.K., and Dr. Moshe Tov, members of the Israel delegation to the U.N., to New York, (by El Al).

Mr. Jacob Potofsky, Vice-President of the A.F.L.-C.I.O., after a visit as guest of the Histadrut, (by T.W.A.).

Archimandrite P. Abadian, head of the Armenian community in Israel, for a visit to Armenia, at the invitation of the head of the Armenian Church, (by Alitalia).

Mr. Ronald Bell, British Conservative M.P., to England, after a two week visit as guest of the Government, (by B.E.A.).

Dr. Shimon Biesh, Director-General of the Ministry of Health, to Geneva, for a meeting of the Regional Council of the World Health Organization, (by El Al).

Nurit Stachowsky, age 7, to New York, where she will be operated upon for her heart ailment at the Brooklyn Jewish Hospital, with her mother, (by El Al).

Mrs. Rosana Ben-Gurion Leshem, to Paris, to carry out microbiological research at the Pasteur Institute, on a scholarship from the French Government, (by El Al).

A FRENCH Consulate car struck two-year-old Haim Ohion in the Baka'a quarter of Jerusalem on Saturday. The child was sent home after receiving first aid treatment.

• • •

A NAZARETH butcher, Salaibi Dwab, was on Friday remanded for a week on a police complaint that he had refused the Municipal veterinarian permission to inspect 150 kilograms of meat suspected of being spoiled.

Int'l Court Rules Berlin Must Pay Pensions Stopped by Nazis

NEW YORK (INA). — The Supreme Restitution Court ruled on Friday that the rights of Jewish executives to pensions from Berlin industries were not destroyed when the Nazi regime took over the supporting funds, the "New York Times" reported on Saturday.

The Court, an international body that is the highest authority in Berlin in cases arising from restitution laws, decreed that the German Reich and its successors should pay for pensions due until the end of the regime in 1945 and that thereafter the companies involved were responsible.

In March, 1942, the Nazi regime ordered companies that had pensioned Jewish executives to surrender funds equal to the total amount that presumably would be paid to these persons and their heirs.

The rulings published on Friday were sought in seven cases that resulted from this action by Hitler's Reich. Claimants for payments reside in the U.S., Brazil, Britain, Chile, France, Israel, South Africa, Sweden and Berlin.

A case that involved all aspects of the Court's ruling was that of Mrs. Clara Birnholz, of Putnam Valley, N.Y. She made her claim as the widow of Dr. James Birnholz, who died in the U.S. in 1956.

Nazi Order

After employment beginning in 1897 with the Allgemeine Elektrizitaets Gesellschaft (AEG) a leading German electrical equipment concern, Dr. Birnholz was retired in 1932. His wife left Germany in November 1938 and he in June 1939. The Nazi regime directed the concern to pay the capitalised value of the pension to the state in 1942.

The Supreme Restitution Court ruled that the German Reich owed Mrs. Birnholz 204,750 Reichs Mark in pension payments for five and-a-quarter years, from 1940 on. Under postwar currency rates, the amount became 20,475 Deutsch Mark, plus 25 per cent interest.

West Berlin's Finance Office was represented in the case in place of the German Reich and presumably will pay what is due.

The Court ruled that the concern was obliged to continue the pension for years not covered by the restitution. In effect, the Court told the company that it, too, had been persecuted when it was compelled to yield the pension fund, but that it must obtain redress from the State.

Company Not Sued

The concern had informed the Court it paid Dr. Birnholz a pension from 1950 on. Mrs. Birnholz pressed no claim against the company.

The Court, composed of seven judges, was established under a law promulgated by the Western Powers in 1953 to decide appeals from two lower courts in cases involving restitution of property to victims "persecuted because of race, creed, nationality or political belief."

TRAFFIC MAGISTRATES will be paid a basic monthly salary of IL480, in addition to cost-of-living and family allowances, in accordance with a decision of the Knesset Finance Committee which was gazetted in Reshumot on Friday.

Carmel Tells Bus Co-op To Speed Improvements

The Minister of Transport, Mr. Moshe Carmel, has ordered the Dan bus cooperative to complete immediately the practical steps necessary to put into effect the agreed plan for the improvements in service and standardization of fares. The plan is scheduled to go into effect next Sunday.

The improvements in service include the extension of some lines to new quarters of Tel Aviv, the combinations of lines, and changes in routes in accordance with the needs of the travelling public.

The simplification of fares is designed to fix all fares at either 70, 80 or 100 pruta. The new tariff has been carefully worked out so that the average fare will be the same as at present.

Unitarian Churchman Buys Jordan Scroll

NEW YORK (Reuter). — A Church here has acquired a portion of one of the Dead Sea scrolls containing what is believed to be the earliest copy of the Ten Commandments in Hebrew.

The scroll, said to be in nearly perfect condition, was purchased by a member of the Unitarian Church of All Souls. It will remain, however, in the Palestine Archaeological Museum in the Jordanian part of Jerusalem because of Jordanian Government regulations.

The Church member, who prefers to remain anonymous, contributed several thousand dollars for the purchase of "fragments" of the scroll after hearing at a lecture last spring that they were for sale at a price.

Scholars will have access to the document, which will be known as "The All-Souls Deuteronomy."

73 IMMIGRANTS FROM E. EUROPE

LYDDA AIRPORT. — A group of 73 immigrants from East Europe, some of them young people, arrived by air on Friday.

Among the newcomers was a woman of 35 who is a physics professor and who said she had corresponded for many years with the late Albert Einstein. She said she had been dismissed from her University as the result of her correspondence, and had been trying ever since to come to Israel.

Those of the immigrants who did not join relatives went to the Sha'ar Aliya transit camp near Haifa. The immigrants came with few belongings and no money.

Two hundred newcomers arrived on the s.s. Jerusalem on Friday. The majority were from Eastern Europe, while others came from Egypt via Greece.

Thirty East European immigrant families went to Naharlya on Friday where they will live in the Kiryat Hof ma'bara.

ESHKOL ACTING AS COMMERCE MINISTER

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, will serve as Acting Minister of Commerce and Industry during the absence abroad of Mr. Pinhas Sapir, according to a Cabinet decision which was published on Friday in *Reshumot*.

The Minister of Interior, Mr. I. Bar Yehuda, is now taking a short spell of annual leave, it was announced Friday. The Ministry's Director General, Mr. Y. Shvo, has resumed his duties after his annual leave.

Turkish Tar Jailed For Having Hashish

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA. — A sentence of 18 months imprisonment was imposed by the District Court on Friday on a Turkish sailor who pleaded guilty to being in illegal possession of hashish. The accused, Hussein Katmar, 34, was caught last Wednesday by policemen who posed as drug peddlars. He offered them 846 grams of hashish for sale aboard his ship, the s.s. Yolac, which was in port.

MOSHE LUSTIG BURIED IN KIRYAT SHAUL

TEL AVIV. — Moshe Lustig, the composer and pianist, was buried in the Kiryat Shaul cemetery on Friday. The 36-year-old musician died suddenly on Thursday at his home in Givatayim.

Among the large number of mourners were Mr. Z. Zinder, Director of the Israel Broadcasting Services, composers, musicians, members of the Kol Yisrael staff, and many friends.

The funeral left at noon from Hadassah Hospital.



Mr. Sam Rubin, President of the America-Israel Cultural Foundation, chatting with two of the Fund's beneficiaries at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem on Friday. Both Albert Ofofn Hsiedif, of Ghana (left) and Tefarrawork Aranide, of Abyssinia, are studying at the University under grants awarded by the Middle East Scholarship Commission, a branch of the Cultural Foundation. (Photo Schlesinger)

Report Finds Most Israel Prisons Unsuitable as Jails

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Most of Israel's jails built originally as police stations, are not suited for holding prisoners.

This is pointed out in a report by the Commander of the Border Police, Mr. P. Koppel, and the Deputy Commander of the Central District, Mr. S. Rosolio, after a three-week investigation into the security conditions of Israel prisons. The report, including recommendations, was submitted to Mr. B. Shitrit, Minister of Police, a week ago, it is learned.

To tighten prison security, the report recommends courses for prison wardens as well as changes in training methods. The security service should also share responsibility for prison security, it is recommended.

The Minister of Police told *The Jerusalem Post* on Saturday that the findings of the committee on security would be carried out fully. He expected that several dozen new warders would be recruited.

The Committee found that the Shatta prison, built by the Israel authorities, was the most satisfactorily constructed jail in the country.

Shitrit Accepts Zahar's Resignation

TEL AVIV. — The Minister of Police, Mr. B. Shitrit, has accepted the resignation of Mr. Haim Zahar, warden of the Ramle Prison, but has asked him to stay until October 31. After that date, the former warden of Ramle Prison, Mr. Avraham Merhavi, will return to the post, Mr. Shitrit told *The Jerusalem Post* on Saturday night.

Mr. Zahar, who until three months ago was warden of Shatta Prison where he served for five years, on Wednesday handed his resignation to Dr. Z. Hermon, Commissioner of Prisons. It is understood that Mr. Zahar felt partly responsible for the security measures at Shatta, which he left several weeks before the escape of 66 *Fedayeen* and other infiltrators.

Mr. Shitrit, it is learned, had not intended to dismiss Mr. Zahar as a result of the findings of the Shatta enquiry commission, as criticism of Mr. Zahar had not been severe.

REBUILDS PLANE FOR FOREIGN CLIENT

LYDDA. — The repair and rebuilding of a Skymaster D.C.4 plane by Bedek has brought a net sum of $100,000 to the country, Mr. Alfred Levi, the Company's salesmanager, reported on Friday. Bedek had won the contract in competition with U.S. firms, he said. The plane has been converted from a military model to a civilian passenger plane.

A successful test flight took place on Friday of the aircraft which had been damaged in a fire.

Mr. Levi said this was the first time the Israel firm had done work of this type for a foreign client. *(Itim)*

Mother, Daughter Held For Abandoning Child

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem police have detained Ora Bat-Ya'acov Yisrael, 22, and her mother Mazal, 50, of the Ohel Moshe Quarter, in connection with the abandonment last Wednesday of a one-day-old baby. The baby's body was found in a garbage pail in the Knesset Quarter.

Police say that the daughter confessed that she and her mother had tried to dispose of the male infant in the toilet of their home after it was delivered with the assistance of the older woman. The latter then deposited the body in a garbage pail.

The identity of the father is unknown.

NAZARETH YOUTHS JAILED IN JORDAN

The Old City daily "El Jihad" reported on Thursday that two young men from Nazareth, Faisal and Nawaf Fahoum, who infiltrated into Jordan, have been sentenced by an Arab Legion court to six months' imprisonment. They are to be repatriated to Israel after serving their sentences.

Physicians

(Continued from Page One)

year). For Grade 2 it will be IL100; Grade 3, IL90; Grades 4-7 (second year), IL80; and Grade 7 (first year) and Grade 8 (second year), IL75.

This allowance will not be paid to doctors who have permission to maintain a private practice.

Under the new seniority pay scale agreed upon, during the first five years of service doctors will receive seniority pay of 2 per cent of their basic salary for each year in the profession, and thereafter 1 per cent each year, to a maximum of 25 per cent of the basic salary after 20 years.

The tax-free allowance for professional literature will range from IL200 a year for Grades 1 and 2 to IL100 for Grade 8 and internes.

It was also agreed that doctors who have the right to maintain a private practice will receive 90 per cent of the salary of their grade, and that internes will receive a basic salary of IL110 instead of the present IL93.

A special section in the committee's report deals with doctors working in Kupat Holim clinics, and is based on the new system to go into effect next month. To cover their additional work, general practitioners and children's doctors will receive a special monthly increment. This will be IL90 for Grade 3 and IL75 for Grade 4. A similar increment will be paid to specialists, who will handle emergency cases referred to them in addition to their regular work.

The agreement was signed for two years, with retroactive effect from April 1, 1958.

FANFANI

(Continued from Page One)

ing such a role nor did she wish to do so.

On the subject of mediation, Israel has been quite clear. She seeks direct negotiations with the Arab States, and has not asked any foreign government to mediate.

Political observers see in the Prime Minister's visit an opportunity to reinforce the already existing good relations with Israel's Mediterranean friend. It will be recalled that in the spring, the Italian Minister of the Treasury, Mr. Guiseppe Medici (now Minister of the Budget), spent a short time in Israel on a fact-finding mission. He was particularly interested in the country's development programme.

Only one head of government has made an official visit here to date — Premier U Nu of Burma. Prime Minister Daniel Malan, of South Africa, came on a private tour. Other heads of government have accepted invitations, including President Tito, of Yugoslavia, and Prime Minister Nkrumah, of Ghana.

(Leader — Page 6)

Tel Aviv Maccabi to Meet Haifa Hapoel for State Cup

Tel Aviv Maccabi, will face Haifa Hapoel in the final of the State Cup on the Jaffa Hapoel ground next Saturday as a result of victories in the semi-finals on Saturday. Tel Aviv Maccabi are on record as Cup winners nine times and League champions eight times, while Haifa Hapoel, who finished sixth in the National League standings last season, have won neither crown. Haifa Hapoel's victory puts them in the State Cup final for the first time in the club's history.

Maccabi Outplays Shimshon, 6—0

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Tel Aviv Maccabi outclassed a fighting League A Tel Aviv Shimshon side by 6-0 at the Jerusalem Hapoel ground. Outside-left Rafi Levy was in tremendous form, netting five goals.

A record crowd of 6,000-odd saw a great match, with the champions in fine form combatted by the competent League A set-up. It was one of the finest football matches seen in the Capital for a long time.

Tel Aviv Shimshon never gave up against their polished opponents. Even although Tel Aviv Maccabi led 5-0 in the first half, they came back fighting in the second period as if making up this huge deficit was just a matter of time. To such an extent did the League A'ers hammer away that the corners were seven to two in their favour.

Maccabi started off with an attack and in the seventh minute Rafi Levy netted from the penalty spot following a deliberate hands. On the quarter hour, "Shay" Glazer increased the lead to 2-0 with a 18 metre rising "cannon" drive to the right hand upper corner of the Shimshon goal.

Shimshon then took over for a few minutes but Mordechai Zadok, in a solo effort, shot out. Then the Maccabi line moved down the field and in the 34th. minute, Goldstein passed from the right into the centre and Rafi Levy netted from close in. Two minutes later Levy collected on the left, cut into the centre, beat the defence and shot in for No.4, and his own hat-trick.

Five minutes before the interval, Glazer passed the ball between two Shimshon defenders to Levy, who carried on to make the score 5-0 at the halftime.

Many Threats

On the restart Shimshon livened up and threatened the Maccabi goal many times but without scoring. In the 62nd minute, Zadok was unlucky when he hit the post from a free-kick. Two minutes later, following a smooth Maccabi forward downfield move, Israeli passed to Glazer, who shot high towards the goal, for Levi to finish off the move by putting the ball into the net.

Maccabi now took things more easily and Shimshon took over the initiative. All their scoring attempts finished off either wide of the goal or in the hands of the Maccabi goalie, Ben Dori. Only once was Ben Dori called on to save a really dangerous shot — from Shimshon's inside right, who shot in from eight metres. The Maccabi keeper had to dive to put the ball out for a corner.

Seven minutes before the close, Ben Dori went out. He punched at the ball but it rolled in towards the goal. With spectators holding their breath, the sphere went out outside the post. Referee Freid handled the game very competently.

'Potemkin' Voted 'Best Film Ever'

BRUSSELS (Reuter). — The 33-year-old Russian film "Battleship Potemkin" has been voted "The Best Film of All Time" by a large majority of world film historians from 26 countries, according to the results of a poll announced here on Wednesday.

Second was Charles Chaplin's "The Gold Rush," made in 1925, and third, the Italian film "Bicycle Thieves" made by Vittorio de Sica in 1948.

Haifa Team Beats Ramat Gan, 2—0

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Some 6,000 fans saw Haifa Hapoel beat Ramat Gan Hapoel, 2:0, in Jaffa. It was a typical cup-tie game, in which both sides fought for every ball, sometimes at the expense of text-book football. The defences were on top throughout most of the game, and it was only the brilliant play of Zladko Tchaikowsky, Haifa's Yugoslav international, who led the attack, that pierced the Ramat Gan defence. The first half was even.

In the 60th minute, Haifa were awarded a free kick from 20 metres. Practically the whole Ramat Gan team formed a solid wall in front of the goal. Tchaikowsky took the kick and slammed the ball hard between the massed players and into the net to open the scoring.

A minute later, the Ramat Gan outside right was injured and taken off the field. The game was stopped for 10 minutes before Ramat Gan continued with ten men. In the 90th minute, Tchaikowsky sent his outside-right, Ginsburg, through to clinch the match for the Haifa men. Mordechovitz, the Ramat Gan stopper, played a fine game opposite Tchaikowsky, who was easily the best man on the field.

Other Results: Friendly Games: Petah T. Mac. 2, Haifa Mac. 0; Petah T. Hap. 2, Kiryat Haim Hap. 1; K. Saba Hap. 3, Hadera Mac. 3; T.A. Betar 3, Hadera Hap. 0; T.A. Bnei Yehuda 3, Beersheba Hap. 2; Ramle Mac. 3, Rishon LeZion Hap. 1; Ramle Hap. 2, Sha'arayim Mac.1. **Water Polo. National League:** Brit Maccabim Atid 7, Tel Aviv Hap. 5; Haifa Mac. 4, Haifa Hap. 2.

Berger Sets Two Weight Records

STOCKHOLM (Reuter). — Isaac Berger, of the U.S., set new world marks for the total lift and the jerk in winning the featherweight title at the World Weightlifting Championships here on Friday.

Berger beat the world record for the total twice, first with 365 kilos and then increasing this to 372 kilograms. The previous mark was 362.5 kgs. set by Yevgeny Minaev, of the Soviet Union. Berger's record jerk was 147.5 kgs.

Minaev was second in the event with a total of 362 kgs. and Sebastiano Mannironi, of Italy, third, with 342.5 kgs. J. Bellanski, Poland, set a world record for the featherweight snatch of 112.5 kgs. He was disqualified from the championships during the press, but was allowed to take part in the snatch by special permission of the jury.

Higher Duties On Some Fruit Juices

Customs duties on sweetened fruit juices and on fruit pulp used to manufacture dessert fruit were raised on Friday by the Ministry of Finance.

The new duty on sweetened fruit juice is 100 per cent (instead of 50 per cent), and on fruit pulp used for desserts, 200 per cent (instead of the present 50 or 100 per cent depending on the kind of fruit).

Fruit pulp used for the production of jam will henceforth be duty-free.

The Ministry spokesmen said that the changes were introduced after consulting the Manufacturers Association and the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

The purpose is to differentiate between fruit pulp used for jam in order to protect locally manufactured desserts.

IL30,000 Damage In Carpentry Fire

TEL AVIV. — A fire that took nine hours to fight, early on Saturday morning, razed the carpentry shop of Mr. Yitzhak Molcho at 14 Rehov Hasadna here. It destroyed 14 machines as well as stocks of timber. Damage is estimated at IL30,000.

An adjacent plastic factory also suffered some damage.

Seven fire engines, from Tel Aviv, Ramat Gan and Holon raced to the scene at about 3 a.m. after a neighbour had noticed flames issuing form the workshop.

The firemen, aided by neighbours and police, fought the blaze with 12 hoses to prevent the flames from spreading to the numerous other small worshops in the neighbourhood.

Both the carpentry shop and the plastic factory are insured.

By noon, the fire was out. Several firemen remained standing by however to watch over the smoldering ruins.

Arabs Keep Meeting Hall Unused

The spacious hall decorated with the flags of all countries participating in the I.L.O.'s recent Inter-Regional Seminar for Cooperation, in Denmark, remained unused, and the Seminar was opened in an adjacent undecorated hall—at the suggestion of the three Israel delegates.

The change was made because some of the delegates of the 14 Arab states present refused to enter a hall in which the Israel flag was displayed, it was officially reported on Saturday night. They therefore proposed that all the flags be removed.

The Israel delegation did not agree to this and suggested instead that the Seminar be opened somewhere else. The decorated hall was photographed and closed, and the meeting was opened in another room.

Plastic Filling Will Eliminate Drilling

CHICAGO (USIS).—The National Chemical Exposition here saw a demonstration of a method of filling cavities in teeth with plastic in a process that does not require drilling. Produced by Eastman Dental Dispensary of Rochester, New York, the plastic is put into a cavity in liquid form, after which it sets immediately into a hard surface that is easy to clean. The producers point out that experiments have shown that the plastic so effectively seals the damaged tooth that it halts decay, and prior drilling in the cavity is not required.

Cables in Brief

GARBO. — Greta Garbo called off a dinner party to celebrate her 53rd birthday at Cap d'Ail, on the French Riviera, on Friday night because Sir Winston and Lady Churchill, who are near neighbours, were unable to attend. Sir Winston could not accept the invitation as he was "too tired."

DIES. — French-born actress Yvonne Arnaud died on Saturday in a London hospital. Miss Arnaud, 63, one of the leading figures of the British stage, collapsed with cerebral haemorrhage on August 1 and had been in hospital ever since.

'...And It's Legal'

LITTLE ROCK (Reuter). — Governor Orval Faubus of Arkansas has offered Little Rock a plan to operate its schools on an all-White private basis.

The Governor's plan depends on a vote against integration in the special State referendum he has called for the Little Rock School District on September 27. Such a vote, he said, would make the schools surplus, and the School Board could then lease them to private agencies.

"The plan is sound and workable," he said in a television speech on Thursday night. "It is all legal."

Meanwhile, the Justice Department has started to send heme some of the U.S. marshals it collected here last week. At one time, the total was more than 150 deputies who presumably were to carry out federal court integration orders. They never saw action, however, because the schools were closed by Faubus.

Steinberg to Lead London Philharmonic

LONDON (INA). — One of America's top conductors takes over on Thursday as musical director of the London Philharmonic Orchestra. Dr. William Steinberg, 59, regular conductor of the Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra, will lead the British ensemble for 12 weeks this season.

Saturday, September 27
Haifa Premiere
PICCOLI
at the
MAY CINEMA HALL
One performance at 8 p.m.
Tickets at the Offices of Ginsburg-Yuval.
The public is kindly requested to book in advance in order to avoid a crush. Thank you.

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SHEILA (née Isacovici) and ARTHUR FRISCHER
Elisha Hospital, Haifa.
September 16, 1958.

Our deepest sympathy to
Mrs. AVIVA LUSTIG and family
on the death of
Moshe
THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

With deep sorrow, we express our condolences to
Dr. Eliezer Shual
on the death of his
MOTHER
KIBBUTZ BEIT KESHET

We wish to thank all our relatives, friends and acquaintances for the sympathy expressed to us on the occasion of the death of our dear
Emma Marx
Herman Marx and family

The unveiling of the Tombstone over the Grave of
Dr. H. Auerbach ז"ל
will take place on Monday, September 22, 1958 at 4 p.m. at the new Hof Hacarmel Cemetery.
Transport from 103 Sderot Hanassi, at 3.30 p.m.
The Bereaved Family
Fertilizers & Chemicals, Ltd.

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Sunday, September 21, 1958
7 Tishri, 5719. 7 Rabi'a Awal, 1378

IT is a matter for considerable satisfaction that the Prime Minister of Italy, Signor Fanfani, should have accepted an invitation to visit Israel, almost on the eve of his impending visit to Cairo. It is no small matter, for in this world prime ministers choose their paths carefully. Italy, rather than Israel, is to be congratulated in this matter, as having a premier who is apparently aware that political prestige in the Arab countries is not lessened by a friend of the Arabs making it plain from the outset that the relationship is not to include the ignoring or snubbing of Israel. The West German government, after many ominous warnings that the paying of Reparations to Israel would bring down upon them the enmity of the Arab countries, has made more headway in the Middle East than any other country in Western Europe, and Holland's experience in its deliberate refusal to acknowledge the Arab boycott against Israel tends in the same direction.

ITALY IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Italy has a long-standing interest in the Middle East, and particularly Egypt, and North and East Africa. No longer a colonial power, contemporary Italy is pre-eminently suited to developing a new kind of relations with the emerging countries of this part of the world; it does not necessarily have to seek the worn-out shoes of Britain and France and step into them, but can develop the mutually profitable links that are now beginning to be possible between over-industrialized European countries and under-productive areas in Asia and Africa, much of which is an exchange of knowledge for the sake of productive capacity.

Whatever Mussolini's relations with Moscow may be, it is noticeable that he is always anxious enough to secure such Western aid as is offered, apparently because the U.S.S.R. in fact is not interested in supplying much beyond arms. The Soviet dumping of Egyptian cotton has destroyed his only economic strength, and day-to-day economic troubles in Egypt are once more approaching a critical point. For these reasons Egypt is willing enough to accept any Italian aid that is offered, foreseeing that it may be less difficult to negotiate and is likely to materialize more quickly than the large-scale plans that have been devised for the Arab countries under the new proposals prepared jointly by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, and the Arab League. This time, Nasser failed to get from the United Nations what he would have liked — a ferocious condemnation of American and British military support for hard-pressed Arab governments subjected to Nasserite pressure, or the immediate withdrawal of these troops, with the result that his progress has been held up and he has no political achievements to offer Mr. Khrushchev. A promise of economic organization in the future probably seems to him a doubtful substitute.

And if Mr. Hammarskjold failed, it was surely not because he was not willing to lend a sufficiently willing ear to Egyptian demands. Yet this very pliancy of the Secretary-General's has become the symbol of his engagement in ulterior political motives, and the slow working towards plans that may not be what Nasser wants. Signor Fanfani will go to Egypt, it seems, as a man who is willing to talk business with Nasser on mutually profitable terms, and not to the exclusion of amicable relations with other nations, and Nasser is the more likely to assume that he means what he says.

Letter From Paris — *By Maurice Carr*

BIRTH-PANGS OF THE 5TH REPUBLIC

SOMETIMES in real life, as on the stage, the events of years are summed up in minutes and the implications of a far-flung drama are reflected within a small focal point.

Something of this sort happened at the Place de la République on the sultry afternoon of September 4, when General de Gaulle presented his new Constitution to the public. Both the site and the date had been chosen for their symbolical significance. Here was the centre of working-class Paris, and this was the anniversary of the proclamation of the Third Republic. De Gaulle wished in this way to emphasise his closeness to the common people and his fidelity to Republican traditions.

None who heard de Gaulle could mistake the tenor of his message: the spirit of democracy in France needs a highly-disciplined political body to contain it, otherwise it evaporates. No one here doubts but that the moderate section, that is the majority, of the nation has accepted this Gaullist thesis and will in the forthcoming referendum endorse the Gaullist Constitution.

Fortress Besieged

Nonetheless, Place de la République was that day like a fortress besieged. What should have been a peaceful rally, was transformed into a bellicose demonstration by a weird medley of extremist minorities, against whom stringent security precautions had to be taken.

There was, on the one hand, the risk of a terrorist attack by the invisible foe, by Algerian F.L.N. murder-gangs, agents of Pan-Arab Fascism. Before the meeting started, the square had been carefully searched for possible explosives. And throughout the proceedings firemen kept guard on the rooftops, while detectives watched from windows and balconies and swarmed on the ground.

Then, on the further side of the police barriers, at the distant approaches to the square, a mob of Communists milled around, howling insults at de Gaulle.

Now, in the square itself, among the ten thousand trusted spectators admitted by special invitation, there was a sprinkling of known Fascists, agents of the more diehard element of the Algerian Committees of Public Safety, who secretly aim to supplant General de Gaulle one day with a dictator colonel, rather as Gen. Nagib in Egypt was ousted by Colonel Nasser.

Forces of Law and Order

Meanwhile, some of the steel-helmeted security police units — the very same which would have helped drown the Republic in blood last May if General de Gaulle had not then staved off the Algerian ultra-colonialists' *putsch* — were disporting themselves with long wooden clubs, charging into inoffensive crowds on the boulevards and battering away at laggards, at women, children, elderly folk.

It is strange to think that while some of the reactionaries ostensibly supporting de Gaulle are in fact his worst antagonists and are plotting his downfall, many of the liberals—among them, men like Mendès-France, Bourgès-Maunoury, Christian Pineau, Daniel Mayer, Edouard Depreux — who are now virulently campaigning against the Gaullist Constitution, owe their present freedom, if not their lives, to de Gaulle. For had he not headed off the impending Fascist *coup d'état* last spring, they might today be exiles, or languishing in prison, or dead. As an added paradox, these liberals find themselves at present in the unsavoury political company not only of the Communists but of Poujade and of Pétainists such as Isorni, who for different reasons of their own are also pitted against de Gaulle.

But After de Gaulle?

The liberals complain, quite sincerely, that the Gaullist Constitution is liable to give trouble if ever the broad powers vested in the President of the Fifth Republic are wielded by a person less scrupulous than de Gaulle himself. At the same time, somewhat tongue-in-cheek, they approach General de Gaulle for not having staged a really decisive show-down with the Fascists of the Algerian Public Safety Committees, and for not having already ended the Algerian war, root of all French woes.

The vociferous impatience of the liberal opposition, however, is not shared by the man-in-the-street or by the greater part of the responsible leaders of the various political parties, Socialists, Radicals, Progressive Catholics, Conservatives, who have approved the Gaullist Constitution and Gaullist policy alike. Most Frenchmen are indeed prepared to recognise that the grave malady which caused the demise of the Fourth Republic cannot be cured miraculously overnight.

It is generally understood that the first stage on the way to recovery must be the establishment of a stable executive enjoying such popular support and such a high degree of authority, that no cliques, whether in the army, police or elsewhere, will dare contemplate subversion.

The next step must be the suppression of Fascism of the F.L.N. as well as ultra-colonialist varieties. Because of the recent resurgence of Algerian terrorism, particularly in Metropolitan France, it is being argued by the anti-Gaullist opposition that the Franco-Moslem fraternization of a few months ago was a put-up sham, and that the only sensible thing left to do now is to negotiate with the F.L.N., in other words to admit defeat and evacuate the European community from Algeria.

Objective witnesses of the Franco-Moslem fraternization, however, will testify that this outburst of friendliness — encouraged by the unfortunately delusory belief that the fighting was all but over — was as profound as it was genuine. The truth is that by and large most Moslem Algerians are anxious to coexist with the Algerians of European origin — not on the old colonialist footing, but on equal and amicable terms. Reconciliation is being impeded by Fascist minorities on both sides. Yet neither of these minorities will be able to hold out indefinitely against a renovated Republic at once strong and generous.

Social Integration

Finally, to ensure enduring peace in Algeria, France will probably have to make some big political changes in the way of home rule for Algeria, besides implementing "integration" in the sense of full social and economic rights for all Algerians irrespective of race, religion or past condition.

Such reforms, for which provision is made in the new Constitution, are believed to be envisaged by General de Gaulle. The former Resistence leader who once before saved his country's honour and standing, has again set France — the great French Community of nations — on the road to salvation. A long arduous climb lies ahead, but the destination is in sight already.

This is the second of two articles on the new French Constitution.

PEN FRIENDS

AKIRA TANABE, 18, of No. 18, 5 chome, Miyasone-Dori, Nakanoku, Tokyo, Japan, is a high school student who is eager to correspond with Israelis of his age. His hobbies are ping-pong, baseball, judo and other sports, postage stamps, picture postcards and travel pamphlets.

MR. B. COHE, 57 Ringwood Crescent, Wollaton Road, Nottingham, England, would like to contact anyone interested in exchanging or supplying bulbs, corms and/or seeds — particularly of crocus species.

Scope Needed for Arab Intellectuals

By GIDEON WEIGERT

ON August 13, an Israel police spokesman announced the discovery of a pro-Syrian spy ring with the arrest of 13 Arabs from Galilee, with the added information that this was the first time in the history of the State that such a network was composed to a great extent of Arab intellectuals — teachers and secondary school graduates.

The following day over 50 Arab teachers and social workers attended a week-long seminary in Jerusalem, arranged by the Civic Education Department. This followed last year's seminary which had been attended by 70 Arab headmasters and officials. Those attending listened to lectures, had debates, participated in tours, and later supplemented their studies with a two-day study period in Haifa and a three-day one in Jerusalem, during which the problems of Israel's 200,000 strong minority were thoroughly aired.

One of the main issues dealt with in the latest seminary was the problem of Arab intellectuals in Israel, raised by the Director of the Ministry of Education's Arab Division, Mr. S. Salmon. His lecture on "Whither the Arab Intelligentsia?" was followed by three hours of debate.

Mr. Salmon followed the line taken in the previous year's course by Mr. Shmuel Divon, adviser on Arab affairs to the Premier—that it was up to members of this class to strive for the creation of a new society, to bring a backward and partially illiterate people up to the cultural and social standard of the rest of the country's population.

So far, so good. But what moral and practical support does this intellectual section of the Arab minority receive from the authorities and public institutions? This was a question repeatedly asked by many in the audience. And there were just no answers to be given to such questions in the present state of an undecided and wavering policy towards Israel's Arabs.

These were some of the questions asked: Why, if the authorities want us to perform our tasks as leaders and guides of a new Arab society, do they not appoint us to such bodies as Local Councils, advisory committees, and other institutions, instead of sticking to the practice of appointing elders, heads of clans, and other notables, many of whom are illiterate? What has the Ministry of Education done in the past decade in the cultural field among Arabs?

Deeds Few

There were no replies to these questions because, apart from the recently introduced trips and meetings organized for a very limited circle, little has been done to open clubs and provide for large-scale cultural activities, including education for adults in the rural sector.

Equally untouched is the problem of the secondary school graduates who each year find themselves without suitable employment, as Mr. Sa'id Khalil of Nazareth stated. Time and again, Government and Histadrut speakers had promised "to do something" to solve this problem, but nothing emerged. An indication of how serious this issue has become was given when the Ministry of Education recently announced the opening of an Arab teachers' seminary and over 300 of these graduates registered for the existing 35 vacancies.

What happens is obvious. After some months of unemployment and lounging around in Nazareth cafes, these young men drift into the Communist fold, which offers opportunities for cultural, social and political activities in the Arab sector (even the foremost literary magazine is Communist edited). The Communist Party is also the only group which offers its followers the satisfaction of striving for a definite aim—"national independence and becoming part and parcel of the large Arab national movement."

True, here and there, there has been an awakening of local initiative. But this has been on a small scale, taking effect in about three villages. And decades will have passed before such a movement spreads to the more than 100 Arab villages.

Apart from this, there is a vacuum. There is no movement of any kind (nor has the creation of one been fostered) in the social, cultural or political field, to match the Communist effort and to stand up against it. Mr. Hanna Makhoul, headmaster of a school in a Galilee village, observed: "The non-Communist Arab intellectual does not even have a daily or weekly newspaper of his own to express his views and foster his cultural and literary needs. The Communist Arabic press is widely read not only because of its comparatively high standards, but also because there are no alternative publications."

Another complaint is that owing to the lack of relations with the Arab countries, the Arab intellectual has practically no access to books published in Arab, and is starved for reading material.

There is no denying the major achievements made in the Arab field in the spheres of health, education, self-government, agriculture and social progress. But an official of Mr. Salmon's rank admitted that little had been done to break down the wall separating Jew and Arab in this country.

The Arab speakers at the seminary expressed the belief that much good would be done by the opening of Jewish-Arab clubs, mutual visits by Arab villagers and Jewish settlers, mixed seminaries, trips to development projects and kibbutzim, and other moves to allow Arabs to feel that they are part of the State.

Disappointment was expressed with the role of the Histadrut in this sphere. While the organization fills such a vital task in the social, cultural and economic life of Jewish workers and farmers, it has failed to offer anything constructive for the Arabs' political development, it was held. It was noted that the only worthy achievement was the organization of Arab women by the Histadrut's Working Women's Council. Hence, it was added, it is little wonder that the Histadrut means nothing to the average Arab, who cannot enjoy full membership in the organization.

It is to be admitted that a solution is not easy. Communist activities, and extremist nationalist feelings imported from across the border, finding an outlet in espionage work, cannot be suppressed altogether. But on the other hand, a study of developments among Israel's Arabs in the past 10 years shows that little has been done to curb such harmful influences. Encouragement of political activity among Israel's Arabs would take the wind out of Communist sails.

More Employment

The hundreds of Arab secondary school graduates should be absorbed into the economy of the country. The doors of Government and public institution offices could be opened to give employment to Arab intellectuals. It may be noted that Israel's Arabic radio station employs only four Arabs, and that one Arab is employed by an Arabic daily and weekly on their editorial staffs.

It would have been highly profitable to have launched the seminaries referred to years ago, not limited to Government officials but including Arab youth, and members of the free professions, for a frank exchange of ideas. A real programme of adult education could have been initiated.

It may be true that such plans are difficult, and perhaps even dangerous, to contemplate while there is yet no peace with the neighbouring Arab countries. But it may also be that we cannot afford to wait for peace before helping the Arabs of Israel to become active citizens. By then it may be too late.

MUSICAL DIARY

THE organizers of the Natanya Music School held a very successful musical evening under the patronage of Mayor Shaked at the garden of Mr. and Mrs. E. Goldman in Pardess Hagdud recently to mark the founding of a Society of Friends of the School, whose first object will be to secure permanent quarters for this institution. One hundred members are already registered.

The performers included the very gifted young violinist, Yosef Zivoni, who played Bach's Fugue in C major, the pianists Herut Israeli and ten-year-old Aliza Lefkowitz, a pupil of the school as well as Ruth Michaelis in a number of arias—I would like to hear more of her—and Rahel Rodan in Negro spirituals. The hostess herself stole the show with a Verdi aria.

Abroad

A PRIZE of five million lire (IL15,000) commemorating the centenary of the birth of the Italian composer Giacomo Puccini has been offered under the auspices of Milan's famous La Scala opera house to the authors of the best unpublished three-act lyric opera. It must be by a composer who has not passed his 40th year and must be presented before December 31, 1960. The competition is open to all nationalities. The composer will get four million lire and the author of the libretto one million.

THE LIFEGUARD



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FRIDAY'S PRESS

Time for New Diplomacy

Herut rejects the view urging our delegation at the U.N. Assembly to "lie low" and not intervene in "matters that do not concern Israel" so as to be able to maintain the claim that it is not we who are responsible for the Middle East ferment. But remaining reticent and passive will also provide the Arabs with an opportunity to seize the initiative. We must remember that times have changed and with them diplomacy, and what was good 40 years ago no longer holds today. The result of our persistent quiescence will be deeper isolation and the loss of all political, economic and moral support.

Claiming that the Arab refusal to recognize Israel and the American refusal to recognize People's China are the same in principle, **Al Hamishmar** (Mapam) hopes that our delegation will take this into consideration and support India's pro-China initiative. This gesture will not be lost on China and will constitute a far-reaching political advantage for us.

Ha'aretz (non-party) is sceptical of the efficacy of Mr. Hammarskjold's "Roving Commission" in Amman, Damascus and Beirut if it should come to a real showdown, holding that the calm now prevailing in Jordan is to be attributed solely to the presence of British troops.

Hatzofe (National Religious) deplores the Ahdut Ha'avoda attack on the Army's "Elul Parades" and insists that they must remain compulsory for all, just like the Church Parades in the British and American armies. The leftist attempt to make Zahal resemble the armies of regimes who deny that man was created in the image of God should be energetically combated. To which **Lamerhav** (Ahdut Ha'avoda) retorts that though Zahal is the very flesh and blood of the nation, including its spiritual struggles, we must be careful not to introduce a *kulturkampf* into our defence ranks in the form of "Awakening Parades."

Davar (Histadrut) hopes that the transport cooperatives will accept all of the wage findings and recommendations of the Histadrut Central Committee, since the removal of a single brick will affect the balance of the structure as a whole. The Histadrut has always wished to abolish the unacceptable features of the cooperatives' wage structure and the step now proposed will improve not only the atmosphere within the cooperatives but also their public relations.

Haboker (General Zionist) criticizes the rejection by the Minister of Police of the resignation tendered by Mr. Hayim Zahar, Warden of Ramla Prison, and writes that Mr. Shitrit seems to be trying thereby to cover up those who are responsible for the badness of our prisons system. The impression is that he does not intend to do anything about changing this system. Has Shatta not taught us sound enough a lesson?

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Readers' Letters

CHOIR FESTIVAL

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—In Mr. Boehm's reply to Mary Hart's letter he says that liturgical music had no place in such a Zimriya programme and, while criticizing the Halevi chorus, he, on the other hand, lauded one of the other groups, which sang a Mass by one of the classical composers.

I wish to state, in general, that the treatment meted out to this American choir by our Israel public and the management was anything but democratic. This was probably due to the present upheaval in the Middle East. But this Zimriya was supposed to be an artistic endeavour and politics had no place in it, so it was up to the management to play the political side down. Instead, they fed more fuel to the flames.

At the first get-together of all the choirs, Mr. Propes stood up and singled out the French chorus members; he told them how proud Israel was to have them as guests and he lauded the French government for coming to the assistance of Israel in her hour of need. To say that this was resented by the American group is putting it mildly. The Halevi, which came 6,000 miles at its own expense, is 31 years old, and has given years to the propagation of Israel music. It represented American Jewry and not the Eisenhower Administration.

I attended all the Zimriya concerts and noted that the Halevi was always given the most undesirable spots on the programme and it was sent to the most out-of-the-way places to give concerts. While the other groups always had a stage and other such facilities necessary for a good performance, the Halevi was not so fortunate. Mr. Propes will have to do a lot of explaining before the next Zimriya if he wants another American choir to participate.

Yours, etc.,
"A FORMER AMERICAN"
Jerusalem, August 21.

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I confess that I also felt the presentation of excerpts from the Mass in F by Schubert to be out of place in this "Zimriya" concert, but as I had criticised a performance of this work only a fortnight previously, I passed it over without comment. Your correspondent scored a point over me, and I thank him for giving me the opportunity to clarify this issue.

Yours, etc.
YOHANAN BOEHM

Tourist Corp. Answers

1. The get-together of all choirs took place on August 13, a day after the Air Force Show near Beersheba. All of us remember well the traffic jam on the roads to and from the show. On the evening of August 12, a concert had been scheduled in Gvar-Am with the participation of four choirs from abroad. Three of the choirs had to come to Gvar-Am from the Air Show. But only one arrived, dusty, tired, three hours later. This was the French choir. The other two went to Tel Aviv, excusing themselves because they were all exhausted from the long trip.

So the next day I praised the French choir for their spirit and mentioned, in connection with the air parade, the contribution of France during the Sinai Campaign. Everybody, including the Americans, applauded. I still cannot see what was wrong with that and what it had to do with the Halevi Choir. No one from the Halevi Choir, including Mr. Reznick, said a word about it.

2. The decision as to where the choirs would appear, what they would sing and the order of their appearance, was made at a meeting of all conductors. Mr. Reznick was there and the decisions were taken with his consent.

In Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa, all foreign choirs appeared on the same stage. The Halevi Choir and its conductor were given the well-deserved honour of closing the concert in Jerusalem.

For the other concerts, the choirs from abroad were divided into two groups with equal facilities. One group sang in Ramle, Emek Hefer and Tsemach; the other in Gvar-Am, Rehovot and Amir.

An American choir will come to the fourth Zimriya not because of any "explaining" of mine but because we made their visit a memorable one, and their stay here a happy one

Several letters have already reached us thanking us for all our efforts to make the Zimriya a success. There is no doubt that many things must be improved. I cannot claim that no mistakes were made. We shall be happy to discuss those mistakes and shortcomings with the Americans themselves and with the other choirs.

Yours, etc.
A. E. PROPES
Director of Special Events
Government Tourist Corporation
Jerusalem, September 5.

Newsweek
September 22, 1958
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